

Study Data Reviewer's Guide Completion Guideline: Nonclinical (nNSDRG)

V1.1

Revision History

Date	Version	Summary
03 March 2016	1.0	First Public Version: posted for Public Comment
17 March 2017	1.1	Update from Public Review and FDA Comments from Fit for Use Pilot

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35 Study Data Reviewer's Guide Purpose

36 The Nonclinical Study Data Reviewer's Guide (nSDRG) provides FDA Reviewers and Data
37 Managers with additional context for Standard for Exchange of Nonclinical Data (SEND)
38 datasets received as part of a regulatory submission. The nSDRG is intended to describe
39 SEND data submitted for an individual study in the Module 4 nonclinical section of the eCTD.
40 The nSDRG may duplicate information found in other submission documentation (e.g. the
41 protocol, nonclinical study report, define.xml, etc.) in order to help the Reviewer understand
42 the relationship between the study report and the data.

43

44 It is strongly recommended to review this nSDRG Completion Guideline and the Technical
45 Conformance Guide in their entirety before embarking on your first nSDRG!

46

47 nSDRG Overview

48 The nSDRG has six main sections. These main sections (numbers 1 – 6) are mentioned in
49 the FDA Technical Conformance Guide. Additional subsections were added based on the
50 interpretation of the aforementioned guidance by the PhUSE Nonclinical nSDRG Team.

51

52 nSDRG Table of Contents:

- 53 1. nSDRG Introduction
- 54 1.1. Study Title, Number, and Report Version
- 55 1.2. Summary of SEND Dataset Creation Process
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- 77 6.4. Legacy Data Conversion

78

79

I. nSDRG Completion Guideline Purpose

81 The purpose of this document is to provide Sponsors with recommendations to facilitate the
82 consistent development of an nSDRG from the Nonclinical Study Data Reviewer's Guide
83 Template. In addition to this Completion Guideline, nSDRG examples are available as an
84 additional reference.
85

86 This document is organized into three sections: a guideline overview, nSDRG Template
87 Completion Instructions, and nSDRG Finalization Instructions. The headings and their
88 numbers under Section II in these instructions correspond directly to the nSDRG Template.
89 The nSDRG Finalization Instructions describe how to create the document for submission
90 after completing the nSDRG Template.

91 II. Study Data Reviewer's Guide Template Completion Instructions

92
93 This section provides instructions to complete the nSDRG Template. The section
94 numbering here corresponds directly to the nSDRG Template.

95
96 Note: Certain nSDRG Sections in the template might include questions intended to aid FDA
97 Reviewers. Provide complete answers to all questions. Do not delete the primary questions from
98 the final document. Sub-questions may be removed at the discretion of the Author.

99
100 Any Sponsor specific or non-industry standard acronyms used in the n SDRG should be spelled
101 out when first used. Standard industry acronyms (e.g. CDISC, SEND etc.) do not need to be
102 documented.

103
104 Critical note to nSDRG authors: consider that the template and instructions have sufficient
105 flexibility to focus on what is important to convey for a particular study's datasets. This is the
106 purpose of an nSDRG.

107 1. nSDRG Introduction

108
109 The nSDRG is intended to be a tool for a Data Manager to explain to the Reviewer, important
110 narrative information about the SEND submission which may, or may not be in other submission
111 information. The decision about what is "important" may vary study to study. Remember, the
112 nSDRG is intended for a different customer: the Reviewer, differing from the Define file, which is
113 used by people who load the data into tools.

114 1.1 Study Title, Number, and Report Version

115 This section provides, in a tabular format, the study title, number or identifier and report
116 version included in the submission.

117 Study Title	<i><Enter the study title here></i>
Study Number	<i><Enter the study number here></i>
Report Version	<i><Include here any amendments issued to the final report></i>

118
119 It is highly recommended that the Study# used in the table is consistent across the
120 submission (i.e., study report/nSDRG/SEND dataset/Electronic Document Room (EDR)).
121 Either the CRO's study# or Sponsor's study# can be used, as long as it is the same number
122 used throughout the submission to ensure proper cross-referencing.

123 1.2 Summary of SEND Dataset Creation Process

125 This section is a high-level summary of the process by which the SEND dataset was created from
126 study data. Below is a text example. Another option for summarizing the SEND dataset creation
127 process is to use a visual flow chart.

128 **An example of a summary is:**

129 “All in-life, clinical pathology, postmortem and TK blood collection data were collected with LIMS 1
130 by Provider A. Bioanalytical analysis was determined with LIMS 2 by Provider B, with electronic
131 transfer of in-life TK blood collection data from LIMS 1. Toxicokinetic calculations were
132 determined using LIMS 3 by the sponsor. Input (raw data extracts) from each of the LIMS via
133 LIMS-specific adaptors was processed by SEND Solution XX to produce one integrated SEND
134 dataset with a define.xml, a validation report and LIMS terms mapped to controlled terminology.

135 **1.3 SEND Dataset Verification**

136 Appropriate verifications need to be done to ensure that data in the SEND datasets are an accurate
137 representation of study data. A positive statement needs to be included in this section. In the
138 event of a directed audit of the data set integrity, the actual verification documentation would
139 most likely be helpful to the auditor.

140 **An example of a statement is:**

141 “Data in the SEND datasets are an accurate representation of the data for Study No. 12345. Any
142 differences between the data sets and the report are described in section 6.2. Verification
143 procedures and documentation supporting this are available upon request.”

144 **2. Study Design**

145 This section provides a brief orientation to the study and additional context about the Trial Design
146 datasets.

147 **2.1 Study Design Summary**

148 This section provides a brief textual description and/or visual representation of the protocol
149 design. The study design table can be included, taken directly from the protocol or developed
150 specifically for the nSDRG. It is recommended that the textual description be very brief, no
151 longer than a few sentences. Include changes from protocol amendments that affected the
152 study design. (e.g., premature termination of a dose group)

153 **2.2 Trial Design Domain Overview**

154 This section provides additional context for the Trial Design datasets. It should describe whether
155 Trial Design domains are submitted, include a diagram of the Trial Design. Also include a subsection
156 describing any nonstandard Trial Design domains included in the study data package.

157 The following question must be answered:

158 Are all Trial Design domains described in the SEND Implementation Guide (SENDIG) included in the
159 submission?

160 In this section, a diagram such as the one following or as shown in SENDIG should be included to
 161 illustrate the Trial Design. The following diagrams are suggestions on how to illustrate the Trial
 162 Design. Select a representation of the study for the nSDRG.

163 **Example 1:** The text in *<italics>* should be replaced by the study specific Trial Design items. Keep
 164 the bold text as column headings. If desired, the user may color individual elements to a specific
 165 color to aid a fast overview.

166 Depending on the Trial Design, the user can add and delete rows and EPOCH columns as needed.

- 167 • The first row represents a way to describe one Sponsor defined group with two Arms and
 168 three Sets.
- 169 • The second row represents a way to describe one Sponsor defined group with one Arm and
 170 two Sets.
- 171 • The last row of the example table represents a way to describe one Sponsor defined group
 172 with one Arm and one Set.

173

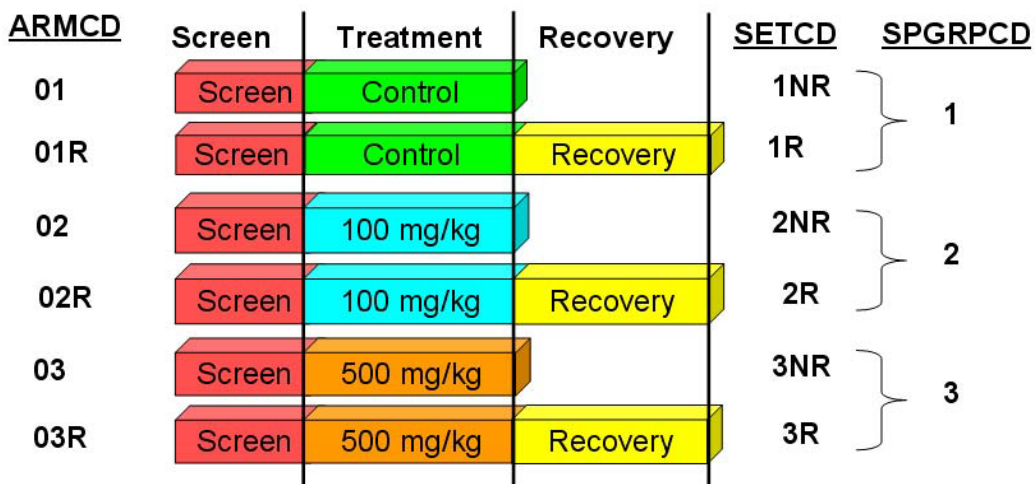
174 **Example 1 Trial Design Overview 1**

Study Group	Trial Arms		Element in each Epoch			Trial Set	
	SPGRPCD	ARMCD	ARM	<EPOCH name 1>	<EPOCH name 2>	<EPOCH name 3>	SETCD
<Sponsors group no.>							<Set name 1>
							<Set name 2>
							<Set name 3>

175 **Example 2:**

176 Example 2 is an alternate Trial Design diagram, similar to those used in SEND Implementation
 177 Guide (refer to this resource for further instruction).

178



179

180 Additional context may not be required for simple protocol designs that are adequately
 181 documented in define.xml or self-evident in the Trial Design Dataset content.

182

183 Any nonstandard study design domains that need additional explanation, or are sponsor specific,
 184 should be described in Section 6.1 of this document.

185

186 **3. Standards, Formats, and Terminologies and their Versions**

187 This section documents the versions of standards used for the study. SEND version,
 188 controlled terminology version, and any relevant dictionary version (more likely in clinical
 189 than nonclinical) used in the study and the rationale for the selection are included.

190 **3.1 Standards Used**

191 Provide a tabular overview of all standards used in the submitted study data package.

192

193 Example:

Component	Standard or Dictionary	Versions Used
Tabulation Datasets	CDISC SEND Implementation Guide	3.0
Controlled Terminology	CDISC SEND Controlled Terminology	2016-12-16
Data Definition file formats provided: .xml and .pdf	CDISC DEFINE	2.0

194

195 3.2 Rationale for Standards Selection

196 A likely rationale for standards and versions selection is that they were the most current ones listed
197 in FDA's Study Data Standards Catalog and supported by the Sponsors' production systems at the
198 time of dataset creation. This is also the place to state if a waiver was granted to use an earlier or
199 different standard.

200 3.3 Nonstandard Terminology

201 For variables requiring use of a Controlled Terminology Codelist, any use of nonstandard
202 terminology should be explained in the nSDRG as shown below. Be sure to provide explanations
203 that help reviewers understand the meaning of the nonstandard terminology. Avoid using lots of
204 acronyms without sufficient explanations.

205

206 **Example:**

207

Dataset Name	Variable	Codelist	Term Used	Meaning
LB	LBTEST	LBTEST	Melamine abutyltransferfree	A measurement of the melamine abutyltransferfree in a biological specimen.
LB	LBTESTCD	LBTESTCD	MELTRFRE	A measurement of the melamine abutyltransferfree in a biological specimen.

208

209 Alternatively, if only standard terms were used, indicate so in a statement and delete the table.

210

211 4. Description of Study Datasets

212 This section provides additional context for SEND domains that is not adequately addressed in
213 define.xml or SENDIG. To help determine if content is needed in this section, answers to the
214 following questions may be helpful:

- 215 1. Are the submitted data taken from an ongoing study? If so, what was the cut point? Indicate
216 when the rest of the data should be expected.
- 217 2. Were the SEND datasets used as sources for the analysis?
- 218 3. Were any domains planned but not submitted because no data were collected?
- 219 4. Are the submitted data a subset of collected data? (The answer will be "yes" if data were
220 collected but not included in the submission.) Explanation can be provided in Section 6.2 of
221 this document.
- 222 5. If an extension study is being documented, include description(s) of any data that have been
223 copied from or are located in another study in the submission, such as the use of one control
224 group for multiple studies.

225 4.1 Dataset Summary

226 This section provides an overview of all domains included in the SEND dataset including the Trial
 227 Design datasets. Additional text in Section 4.2 should be provided for any domains that require
 228 additional explanation. Any custom domains should be included in this section.

- 229
- Add only those datasets in the table that are included in submission.
- 230
- Indicate with an 'X' in the "Supplemental Qualifiers?" column if a Supplemental Qualifiers
 231 dataset is submitted for the domain. Do not include separate rows for each Supplemental
 232 dataset. The use of any Supplemental Qualifiers should be explained in Section 4.3.
- 233
- If relationships between the domain and other domains have been described in RELREC,
 234 specify the related domains in the "Related Using RELREC?" column with an 'X'. Do not
 235 include a row for the RELREC dataset. If considered necessary to explain a domain's key
 236 relationships to other domains, this should be done in the domain-specific section. Provide
 237 the explanation of the relationship within the context of one of the related domains. Do not
 238 create a separate section for RELREC.
- 239
- Specify the domain Observation Class from the SENDIG for all included datasets.

240 **Example:**

241

Dataset	Dataset Label	Supplemental Qualifiers?	Related Using RELREC?	Observation Class
TA	Trial Arms			Special Purpose
TE	Trial Elements			Special Purpose
TS	Trial Summary			Special Purpose
TX	Trial Sets			Special Purpose
CO	Comments			Special Purpose
DM	Demographics			Special Purpose
SE	Subject Elements			Special Purpose
EX	Exposure			Interventions
DS	Disposition			Events
BW	Body Weight			Findings
BG	Body Weight Gain			Findings
CL	Clinical Observations			Findings
DD	Death Diagnosis			Findings
EG	ECG Test Results			Findings
FW	Food and Water Consumption			Events
LB	Laboratory Test Results			Findings
MA	Macroscopic Findings	X	X	Findings
MI	Microscopic Findings	X	X	Findings
OM	Organ Measurements			Findings
PM	Palpable Masses			Findings
PC	Pharmacokinetics Concentrations			Findings

Dataset	Dataset Label	Supplemental Qualifiers?	Related Using RELREC?	Observation Class
PP	Pharmacokinetics Parameters			Findings
SC	Subject Characteristics			Findings
TF	Tumor Findings			Findings
VS	Vital Signs			Findings
POOLDEF	Pooled Definitions			Special Purpose

242
243

244 4.2 Dataset Explanation

245

246 If necessary, provide explanation beyond that which is documented in define.xml or the
247 SENDIG and its supplements. It is optional to hyperlink domain names in Section 4.1, to
248 subsections needed for additional explanations.

249 Provide a numeric subheading for each dataset and ensure that it appears in the Table of
250 Contents (e.g. 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.2.3).

251

252 **Examples:**

253 4.2.1 Comments

254 The comments domain reports comments from LIMS1 only.

255 4.2.2 LB domain

256 The times presented in the LBDTC do not represent the time of sample collection; instead,
257 they represent the time of sample analysis.

258

259 To aid in the review and analysis of the datasets, the dataset explanation may include, but is not
260 limited to the following:

- 261 • Previous agreements with regulatory agencies on specific representation of study data not
262 specified in current implementation guides (e.g. SEND IG v. 3.0).
- 263 • Organization of content (e.g. custom endpoints) for which the content is very specific to the
264 study.
- 265 • Inclusion of important non-standard variables supporting key analysis, appearing in an
266 associated supplemental qualifier dataset.
- 267 • Description of notable, Sponsor defined uses of category and subcategory.
- 268 • Descriptions of derivations/deviations/amendments that may benefit from additional detail
269 beyond that included in define.xml.

- 270 • Description of criteria used to split datasets and the content of the split datasets. (Splitting
271 datasets is expected to be very rare.)

272 4.3 Use of Supplemental Qualifiers

273 This section is recommended in the event supplemental qualifiers are used. It should include a
274 list and explanation of all Supplemental Qualifiers used in the dataset package. See section
275 4.1.3.3 of the Technical Conformance Guide.

276
277 **Example:**

Dataset Name	Associated Dataset	Qualifiers Used
SUPPMA	MA Macroscopic Findings	Modifiers that were part of MAORRES for which SEND variables have not yet been developed
SUPPMI	MI Microscopic Findings	Modifiers that were part of MIORRES for which SEND variables have not yet been developed

278

279 5. Data Standards Validation Rules, Versions, and Conformance Issues

280 This section describes the validation checks and inputs used to evaluate conformance of the
281 datasets to standard rules.

282 5.1 Validation Outcome Summary

283 All significant conformance findings should be documented in Section 5 to a detail that will
284 provide a Reviewer or Data Manager a quick and clear overview of any issues with the data
285 package and the rationale for their presence.

286 It is not necessary to include all detailed record-level descriptions of conformance issues (e.g. the
287 Pinnacle21 report Details tab or similar) due to its limited utility for reviewers. All significant
288 findings should be described in Sections 5.3 – 5.5.

289 5.2. FDA SEND Validation Rules Version

290 This section focuses on FDA rule conformance issues, as these are expected to be the main rules of
291 interest for submitted data.

292 [FDA Validation Rules](#) are maintained in the [Study Data Standards Resources](#) website on FDA.gov.

293 There is a standard statement in the template to define which validation resource is used (as there
294 are several possibilities) and a reference to the correct version of the FDA rules applied at the time
295 of the validation.

296

297 5.3. Errors

298 This section summarizes findings from validation. Insert errors from the SEND conformance report
299 into the table provided; or, indicate no errors were found.

- 300 • Annotate issues with a brief, non-technical explanation of the findings.

- 301
- 302
- 303
- 304
- 305
- Do not include skipped validation checks or validation checks for which datasets do not exist.
 - Explain why validation errors could not be corrected
 - If you are using a SEND conformance checker other than FDA rules, at minimum, report the diagnostic messages for validation rules that overlap with the FDA rules.

306

307 **Example:**

308

FDA Rule Number	Dataset	Diagnostic Message	Severity	Count	Explanation
84	LB	Missing Units on Value	Error	22	Not an error: Lab results for pH and Specific Gravity have no units

309

310

5.4. Warnings

311 Describe any relevant validation warnings that could not be corrected similar to description of
312 errors in Section 5.3 above, or indicate no warnings were found.

313 Add an example to accommodate extensible term warnings and reference section 3 for meanings
314 of those terms (objective to make warning list less redundant.)

315

6. Sponsor Decisions Related to Data Standard Implementations

316

6.1 Sponsor Defined Standardization Descriptions

317 This section describes Sponsor defined decisions related to data standardization that are
318 important for review and interpretation of the datasets.

319 There may be instances in which current implementation guides (e.g. SDTMIG, SENDIG) do not
320 provide specific instruction as to how certain study data should be represented. In these instances,
321 sponsors should discuss their proposed solution with the review division and submit supporting
322 documentation that describes these decisions or solutions in the nSDRG at the time of submission
323 (taken from Section 4.1 of Technical Conformance Guide).

324 In some instances, it may not be possible to represent a collected data element as a standardized
325 data element. In these cases, there should be an explanation in the nSDRG as to why certain data
326 elements could not be fully standardized or were otherwise not included in the standardized data
327 submission (taken from Section 8.3.2 of Technical Conformance Guide).

328 The following are example topics that should be included in this section:

- 329
- 330
- 331
- Descriptions of any custom domains
 - Comment as to whether a dataset contains derived values in addition to raw data values. (Derived values are linked to raw data values within the same dataset).

- 332 • If you are documenting an extension study, include description(s) of any data that have
333 been copied from or are located in another study in the submission. One such example is
334 the use of one control group for multiple studies.

335 6.2 Differences between SEND Datasets and Study Report

336 This section describes differences that are present between the SEND datasets and the Final Study
337 Report (the .pdf report) which are important to point out to the reviewer(s). Differences which
338 are technical in nature (such as differences between SENDIG and the e-data set) should be
339 recorded in the define file and probably are not needed here.

340 The following are examples topics for this section:

- 341 • Explain multiple study numbers, if existing in study datasets
342 • Include justification of why reference start date is different from first day of dosing,
343 including any differences in the definition across subjects and description of the
344 calculation of study days.

345 It is recommended to include a table mapping study days in the report to SEND study days
346 if/where they appear different.

347 6.3 Nonstandard Electronic Data Submitted

348 This section is for recording significant data issues, clarifications, explanations where
349 traceability is not obvious, and adjudications in the nSDRG. For example, data were not
350 collected or were collected using different/incompatible terminologies, or were collected
351 but will not fit into, for example, SEND format. In some instances, where not possible to
352 represent a collected data element as a standardized data element, explain why these data
353 elements could not be fully standardized or were otherwise not included in the standardized
354 data submission.

355 6.4 Legacy Data Conversion

356 This section describes any legacy data conversion required to transform collected data to
357 standard format, if a conversion was performed. Refer to Section 8.3.2.2 of FDA's Study Data
358 Technical Conformance Guide.

359 Sponsors should evaluate the decision involved in converting previously collected non-
360 standardized data (i.e. legacy study data) to standardized data (i.e. SEND). Sponsors should
361 provide the explanation and rationale for the study data conversion in the nSDRG.

362 Studies which will contain previously collected non-standard data subsequently converted
363 to a standard format should be listed in the overall *Study Data Standardization Plan (SDSP)*.
364 Refer to Section 2.1 of FDA's Study Data Technical Conformance Guide.

365 Legacy data (i.e. legacy tabulation data) may be needed in addition to the converted data.

366

III. Study Data Reviewer's Guide Finalization Instructions

367
368
369 This section describes how to create the document for submission after completing the
370 nSDRG Template.

371 372 **1. Update the Table of Contents, document header and version date**

373 After all edits have been completed, update the table of contents at the top if the
374 document.

375 Do not edit the document header. The study title and number in the header references
376 the study number on the title page. When you edit the study number on the title page,
377 the study number in the header is updated automatically.

378 379 **2. Convert the document to PDF format**

380 - Name the file "nsdrg.pdf", or current name requirement defined in the FDA Technical
381 Conformance Guide.

382 - Verify the PDF version is current to the FDA Study Data Standards Catalog
383 requirement.

384
385 **End of Document**